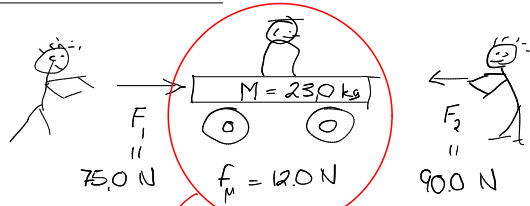


Problem 1: (1-05-32)

①



a) System of interest if  $a_{\text{wagon}} = a$  is needed

b)  $aM = F_1 - F_2 + f_\mu$

If  $v_0 = 0$  and as  $F_1 - F_2 < 0$  the wagon is accelerated to the left

$\rightarrow f_\mu = 12.0 \text{ N}$  (to the right)

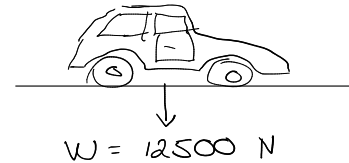
$\rightarrow a = \frac{F_1 - F_2 + f_\mu}{M} = \frac{75.0 - 90.0 + 12.0}{23.0} \text{ m/s}^2$

c) but if  $f_\mu = 15.0 \text{ N}$  and  $v_0 = 0 \rightarrow a = 0$

$\approx -1.30 \text{ m/s}^2$

Problem 2: (1-05-46)

②



accelerates from  $v_0 = 0$  at  $t_0 = 0$  to  $v_1 = 83.0 \text{ km/h}$  in  $t_1 = 5.00 \text{ s}$   
 $F_\mu = 1350 \text{ N}$

Find the force produced by the motor

$v_1 = v_0 + at_1 = at_1 \rightarrow a = \frac{v_1}{t_1}$

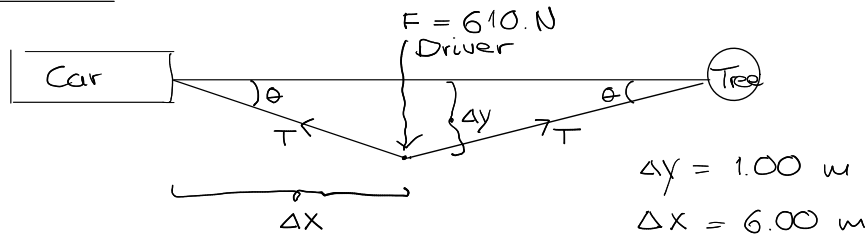
$a = \frac{83.0 \text{ km/h} \cdot 1000 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{km}}}{3600 \text{ s}} \cdot \frac{1}{5.00 \text{ s}} \approx 4.61 \text{ m/s}^2$

$W = gM \rightarrow M = \frac{W}{g} \rightarrow (F_{\text{motor}} - f_\mu) = aM = \frac{v_1}{t_1} \frac{W}{g}$

$\rightarrow F_{\text{motor}} = f_\mu + \frac{v_1 W}{t_1 g} = 1350 \text{ N} + \left(\frac{83.0}{3.6}\right) \frac{12500}{5.00 (9.81)} \text{ N} \approx 7.23 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N}$

Problem 3: (1-05-62)

③



Find T

$\tan \theta = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$ , Equilibrium when  $2T \cdot \sin \theta = F$

$\rightarrow T = \frac{F}{2 \sin \theta} = \frac{F}{2 \sin \left\{ \arctan \left( \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \right) \right\}}$

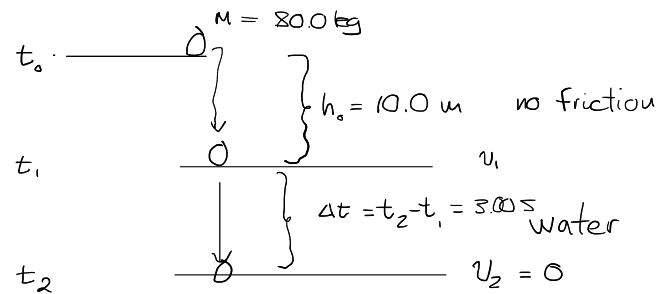
$\sin \left[ \arctan(z) \right]$

$= \frac{z}{\sqrt{1+z^2}}$

$= \frac{F}{2} \frac{\sqrt{1 - \left( \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \right)^2}}{\left( \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \right)}$   
 $\approx 1.80 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N}$

Problem 4: (1-05-76)

④



$v_1 = v_0 - gt_1 = -gt_1$   
 $h = h_0 - \frac{1}{2}gt_1^2 + v_0 t_1$   
 $0 = h_0 - \frac{1}{2}gt_1^2 + 0$   
 $\rightarrow t_1 = \sqrt{\frac{2h_0}{g}}$   
 $v_1 = -g \sqrt{\frac{2h_0}{g}} = -\sqrt{2hg}$

Find F acting on the swimmer in the water, that stops her

$v_2 = v_1 + a \cdot \Delta t$   
 $0 = v_1 + a \cdot \Delta t \rightarrow a = -\frac{v_1}{\Delta t} = \frac{\sqrt{2hg}}{\Delta t}$

In the water two forces work on her

$F_\mu = M \left\{ g + \frac{\sqrt{2hg}}{\Delta t} \right\}$   
 $\rightarrow F_\mu - Mg = Ma = M \frac{\sqrt{2hg}}{\Delta t} \rightarrow F_\mu = Mg + M \frac{\sqrt{2hg}}{\Delta t} \approx 1.16 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N}$